

UNIVERSITY OF PIRAEUS

1) GENERAL					
SCHOOL	ECONOMICS, BUSINESS AND INTERNATIONAL STUDIES				
ACADEMIC UNIT	ECONOMICS				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ОКОІК35	SEMESTER		3	
COURSE TITLE	AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS				
INTEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS		CREDITS		
Lectures	4		5	5	
COURSE TYPE	Scientific Expertise				
PREREQUISITE COURSES	-				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS	Greek				
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	https://eclass.unipi.gr/courses/OEP328/				
2) LEADAUNG OUTCOMES			-		

2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

This course is a basic introduction in Agricultural Economics. The subject matter of the course includes issues in consumer behavior, producer behavior, economics of technology progress, pricing, economics of government interventions, and analysis of labor and land as inputs to agricultural production. After successfully completing the course, the student will be able to understand the basic economic metrics and concepts of a farm and therefore be able to judge rationally the composition and intensity of the production process. S/he will also be able to analyze the mechanisms of price formation for agricultural products. Finally, through the teaching of key government intervention tools (e.g. subsidies, tariffs), s/he will be able to understand and analyze any legislation and, in particular, the institutional framework of the Common Agricultural Policy.

General Competences

- Individual/Independent work
- Group/Team work
- Critical thinking
- Development of free, creative and inductive thinking

3) SYLLABUS

- Theory of Demand
- Concept of Utility.
- Substitution and Income Effect.
- Special Demands for Demand for Agricultural Products
- Empirical Demand Estimation
- Demand flexibility.
- Production and Cost Theory
- Productivity and Technology
- Efficiency
- Labor Supply and Demand
- Utility Function of Labor and Leisure
- Equilibrium
- Farmer Time Allocation
- Alternative Intervention Policies
- Basics of Comparative Statics
- Theory and Policy of International Trade
- Comparative Cost and International Specialization.

4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS				
DELIVERY	In-class lectures			
USE OF INFORMATION AND	Use of ICT in communication with students			
COMMUNICATION				
TECHNOLOGY				
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload		
	Lectures	52		
	Autonomous Study 58			
	Presentation of academic articles 13			
	Exam	2		
	Course Total	125		
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Language of evaluation is Greek (except in the cases of Erasmus+). Methods of evaluations			
EVALUATION	are a final exam which includes open-ended questions and optionally presentation of			
	academic articles. The final exam will account for 80% of the grade and the optional			
	presentation 20%. If the student does not present, then the final exam accounts for 100% of			
	the grade.			
ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY	 Suggested bibliography: Ahmad, S. (1966). On the Theory of Induced Invention. Economic Journal, LXXVI: 344-357. Cramer, G. L., Jensen, C. W., & Southgate Jr, D. D. (2001). Agricultural economics and agribusiness (No. Ed. 8). John Wiley and Sons. Hayami, Y. and V.W. Ruttan (1985). Agricultural Development: An International Perspective. John Hopkins, Baltimore. Mundlak, Y. (2000). Agriculture and Economic Growth. Harvard University Press: Cambridge, Massachusetts. Ruttan, V.W. (2001). Technology, Growth and Development: An Induced Innovation Perspective. Oxford University Press, New York. Thirtle, C.G. and V.W. Ruttan (1987). The Role of Demand and Supply in the Generation and Diffusion of Technical Change. Harwood Acad. Publ, London 			